# CUSTOMER CONSENT AND AUTHORIZATION FOR ACCESS TO FINANCIAL RECORDS FOR PRESENTENCE REPORT

I,		, hav	ring read the explanation
	(Name of C	Customer)	
• •	attached to this form, and has (3), hereby authorize the	having been convicted in the United States Dis	trict Court, in accordance
	(Name and Aa	ddress of Financial Institution or Credit Agency)	
to disclose the followi	ng financial records:		
to			, an officer of the
	(Name of Probation	n Officer Allowed Access)	
United States District	Court for the		
		(Name of District Court)	
officer for the purpose  I understand that t above, are disclosed as	e of preparing a presentence this authorization may be read that this authorization is	fully describing my financial resources to the re investigation report.  revoked by me in writing at any time before my so valid for no more than three (3) months from the total tendence of the required as a condition of my doing business.	y records, as described the date of my signature.
(Da	ite)	(Signature of Customer)	
		(Address of Customer)	
		(City/State/Zip Code)	

## STATEMENT OF CUSTOMER RIGHTS UNDER THE RIGHT TO FINANCIAL PRIVACY ACT OF 1978

Federal law protects the privacy of your financial records. Before banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions, credit card issuers, or other financial institutions may give financial information about you to a federal agency, certain procedures must be followed.

#### **Consent to Financial Records**

You may be asked to consent to make your financial records available to the government. You may withhold your consent, and your consent is not required as a condition of doing business with any financial institution. If you give your consent, it can be revoked in writing at any time before your records are disclosed and, in any event, is effective for a period of not more than three months. Your financial institution must keep a record of the instances in which it discloses your financial information to the government, and this record will be available to you upon request, unless a court order restricting your right to such record has been obtained by the government.

#### **Without Your Consent**

Without your consent, a Federal agency that wants to see your financial records may do so ordinarily only by means of a lawful subpoena, summons, formal written request, or search warrant for that purpose.

Generally, the Federal agency must give you advance notice of its efforts to obtain your records by one of the above means, explaining why the information is being sought and telling you how to object in court to the release of your records.

#### **Exceptions**

If the government obtains a search warrant for your records, or if the government convinces the court that there are legitimate reasons to delay giving you notice, the Federal agency will be able to obtain your records without providing you notice beforehand.

In situations where you do not receive advance notice that the government is seeking your financial records, you will be notified once the reason for the delay of notice no longer exists.

### Transfer of Information

Generally, a Federal agency which obtains your financial records is prohibited from transferring them to another Federal agency unless it certifies in writing that the transfer is proper and sends a notice to you that your records have been sent to another agency.

#### **Penalties**

If the Federal agency or financial institution violates the Right to Financial Privacy Act, you may sue for damages or to seek compliance with the law. If you win, you may be repaid your attorney's fees and costs.